Name	 Adm. No.
232/2	

Paper 1

PHYSICS

Time: 2 hours

FORM THREE

Instructions to Candidates

- (a) Write your name and class Admission number in the spaces provided above.
- (b) Sign and write the date of examination in the spaces provided above.
- (c) This paper consists of **TWO** sections: **A** and **B**.
- (d) Answer **ALL** the questions in sections **A** and **B** in the spaces provided.
- (e) ALL working **MUST** be clearly shown.
- (f) Mathematical tables and nonprogrammable silent electronic calculators may be used.

For Examiner's Use Only

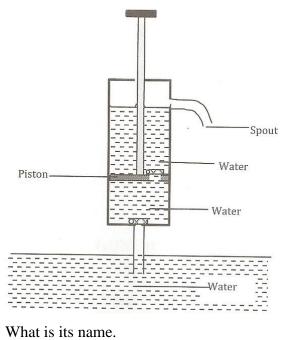
Section	Question	Maximum Score	Candidate's Score
A	1 –12	25	
	13	13	
	14	18	
В	15	7	
	16	11	
	17	6	
To	tal Score	80	

This paper consists of 12 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing

<u>SECTION (25 marks)</u> Answer all the questions in this section in the spaces provided

1.	Draw	the	scale	of a	micro	meter	screw	gauge	with	50	divisions	on	the	thimble	scale	reading	3.86mm
																(2 ma	rks)

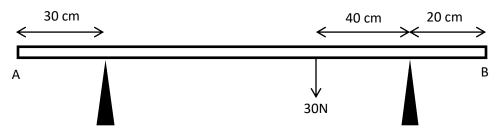
2. The figure below shows a pump used to draw water from a well.



	(i)	What is its name.	(1 mark)
	(ii)	Give two limitations of using this type of a pump.	(2 marks)
3.		entpullsablockofwoodalongahorizontalsurfacebyapplyingaconstantforce.Statethere move sat a constant velocity.	ason why the (1mark)
		······································	
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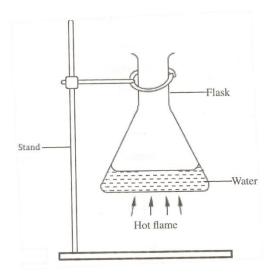
4. The figure below shows a uniform bar 2 m long and of weight 100Nplaced on two supports and a 30N force acting 60cm from end B as shown. If the system is in equilibrium, determine the reaction ineach of the two supports.

(4 marks)



 •••••	

 $\textbf{5.} \ \ The figure below shows a flat-bottomed flask containing somewater. It is heated directly with a very hotflame.$



	Explain why the flask is likely to crack.	(2marks)
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
6.	A solid weigh 16.5N on the surface of the moon. The force of gravity on the moon is 1.7	N/kg.
	Determine the mass of the solid.	(2marks)

7.		tle contains a smelling gas is opened at the front of a class room. State the reason w	hy the gas is
	detect	ed throughout the room.	(1mark)
8.	The di	iagram below shows apparatus used to observe the behaviour of smoke particle in a	ir.
		Microscope	
		Thin glass cover	
		Smoke and air Light	
	(i)	Why are smoke particles suitable for use in this experiment?	(1 mark)
	(ii)	What does the experiment tell you about the behaviour of the air molecules in the	
			(1 mark)
	(iii)	What difference if any would be seen in the motion of the smoke particles if a we	aker light was
	(III)	used.	(1 mark)
9.	Statet	wo environmentalhazardsthatmayoccurwhenoilspillsoveralargesurfaceareaofthe sea.	(2marks)

		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
10.	The three springs shown in Fig 11 are identical and have negligible weight. The exten	sion produced on
	the system of springs is 20cm	
	20N	
	20N	(2 1)
	Determine the constant on each spring.	(3 marks)
		•••••
11.	The figure below shows an athlete lifting weights while standing with the feet apart.	
	Explain why standing with the feet apart improves the athlete's stability.	(1 mark)
12.	A girl blew air along the horizontal plane below the paper as shown in figure 5. Blocks of wood Paper	
	State and explain what would be observed.	(2 marks)

SECTION B (55 marks)

(c) A block of mass 200g rests in a horizontal table. A force of 0.6N pulls the block so that i with a constant acceleration of 1m/s² calculate; (i) The time it takes to travel a horizontal distance of 200m. (3 man (3 m		Inelastic collision.	(1 mark)
(b) A bullet of mass 20g leaves the muzzle of a gun at a speed of 350m/s. If the mass of the 3.5kg, calculate the recoil velocity of the gun. (3 man (c) A block of mass 200g rests in a horizontal table. A force of 0.6N pulls the block so that i with a constant acceleration of 1m/s² calculate; (i) The time it takes to travel a horizontal distance of 200m. (3 man (3 ma			
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(ii) The frictional force between the block and the table. (2 mar			0.6N pulls the block so that it m
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	W	rith a constant acceleration of 1m/s ² calculate;	
	(i)	The time it takes to travel a horizontal distance of 200m.	(3 marks)
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(iii)	The coefficient of kinetic friction between the two forces.	(2 marks)
		•••••
(iv)	A part from frictional force and the normal reaction name any other force.	
` /		(1mark)
14. (a) D	Define momentum and state its SI units	(2 marks)
•••••		
(b) S	tate the law of conservation of momentum.	(1 mark)
••		
(c) T	wo wheeled trolleys, X of mass 3kg and Y of mass 4kg are held together	
co	ompressed spring as shown in the figure below.	
	X Y	
***	Than the tralleys are released at the same instant. V mayor to the left at 2m/s as	aloulato:
W	Then the trolleys are released at the same instant, X moves to the left at 8m/s. ca	alculate;

(i) The velocity of Y immediately after the release.

(3 marks)

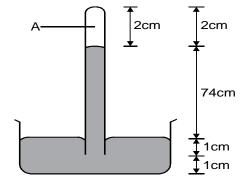
(ii)	The kinetic energy of X and Y after release.	(4 marks)
•		
•		•••••
(iii) (Calculate the compression of the spring given that it has a spring constant of 1.0 x	10 ⁴ N/m. (3 marks)
(d) An	arrow of mass 20g traveling horizontally strikes a block of wood of mass 1980	g resting on a
	zontal surface. The impact takes 0.2 seconds before the two moves together city of 5m/s. Calculate;	with an initial
(i)	The velocity of the arrow before the impact.	(3 marks)

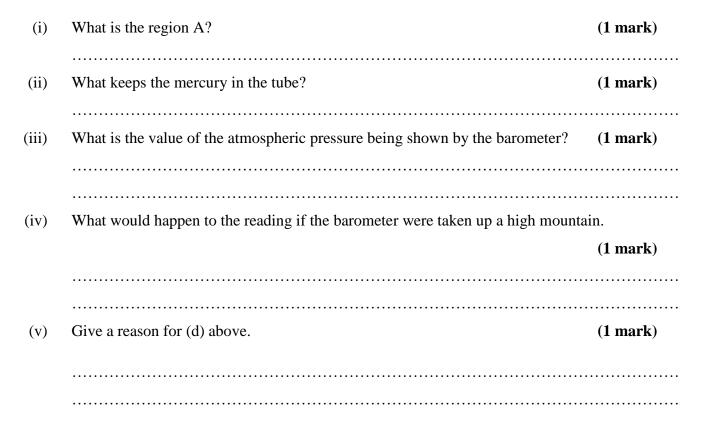
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
(ii)	The force of impact.	(2 marks)
15. a)The dia	agram below shows a set up used by a student to show variation of pressur	re in a liquid. Use it
to ans	wer the question that follow.	

State and explain the effect on the height, h, when the thistle funnel is moved upwards towards the surface of the liquids. (2 marks)

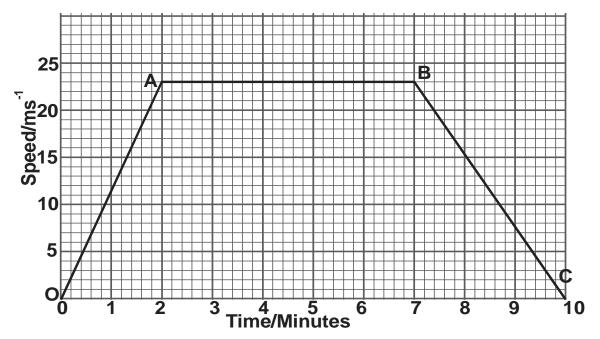
b) Figure below shows a simple barometer.

Thistle Funnel





16. The speed of a train, hauled by a locomotive varies as shown below as it travels between two stations along a straight horizontal track.



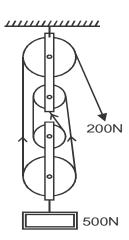
Use the graph to determine:

(i) the maximum speed of the train.

(1 mark)

(ii)	The acceleration of the train during the first 2mins of the journey.	(2 marks)	
(iii)	The time during which the train is slowing down.	(2 marks)	
(iv)	The total distance, in metres, between the two stations.	(4 marks)	
(v)	The average speed in ms ⁻¹ of the train.	(2 marks)	

17.a) The figure below shows a pulley system being used to raise a load.



Given that the size of the load is 500N and the effort applied is 200N, calculate the efficiency of the machine. (3 marks)
A pendulum bob is raised to a height of 60cm above its lowest point and made to swing as shown in the figure.
//////////////////////////////////////
60cm
Determine the velocity of the mass at the height where kinetic energy is equal to the potential
energy. (3 marks)

b)