311/1

HISTORY AND GOVERNMENT

PAPER 1

TIME: 2½ hours

**FORM 3**

**Kenya certificate of secondary education (K.C.S.E)**

**Instructions to Candidates**

1. *This paper consists of* ***three*** *sections* ***A, B*** *and* ***C.***
2. *Answer* ***all*** *questions in section* ***A, three*** *from Section* ***B*** *and* ***two*** *from Section* ***C.***
3. *Answers to all the questions must be written legibly in the answer booklet provided.*

***This paper consists of 3 printed pages. Candidates should check the question paper to ensure that all pages are printed as indicated and no questions are missing.***

**SECTION A: (25 MARKS)**

**ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION.**

1. Give **two** unwritten sources of the history of the Kenyan communities during the pre-colonial period.

**(2 marks)**

1. Name the archaeological site in Kenya where remains of Dryopithecus Africanus were excavated.

**(1 mark)**

**3.** State **two** economic activities which the Maasai acquired as a result of interacting with the Agikuyu.

**(2 marks)**

**4.** Give **two** effects of the settlement of the Luo in Kenya during the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**

**5.** Give the main reason why initiation ceremonies were carried out in traditional Kenyan societies. **(1 mark)**

**6.** State **two** functions of the Laibon among the Maasai during the pre-colonial period. **(2 marks)**

**7.** Give the main reason why most of the early urban centers along the Kenyan coast were built on Islands.

 **(1 mark)**

**8.** Identify **two** documentary sources of historical evidence about the East African Coast before 7th Century.

**(2 marks)**

**9.** State **one** factor that facilitated contact between the Kenyan Coast and the outside world by the end of the 16th Century. **(1 mark)**

**10.** Give **two** economic benefits of the Omani rule along the Kenyan coast during the 19th Century. **(2 marks)**

**11.** State **two** duties of the Portuguese captains in administering the Kenyan coast. **(2 marks)**

**12.** Name the missionary who drew the first map of East Africa. **(1 mark)**

**13.** Name the main factor that led to the development of plantation farming during the reign of Seyyid Said.

 **(1 mark)**

**14.** State **two** functions of Fort Jesus during the Portuguese rule. **(2 marks)**

**15.** What is dual citizenship? **(1 mark)**

**16.** Give **one** way in which the Kenyan constitution promotes unity. **(1 mark)**

**17.** Name the treaty which marked the sphere of influence in East Africa in 1886. **(1 mark)**

**SECTION B: (45 MARKS)**

**ANSWER ANY THREE QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION**

**18. a)** Give **five** reasons for the migration of the Plain Nilotes into Kenya in the pre-colonial period.

**(5 marks)**

**b)** Describe the political organization of the Borana during the pre-colonial period. **(10 marks)**

**19. a)** Give **three** reasons why the Akamba participated in the long distance trade in the 19th century.

**(3 marks)**

**b)** Explain **six** consequences of the long distance trade on the people of East Africa. **(12 marks)**

**20. a)** Give **three** reasons which caused the decline of the coastal city states by the 18th century. **(3 marks)**

**b)** Explain **six** results of Omani rule along the Kenyan coast. **(12 marks)**

**21. a)** State **five** causes of the Nandi rebellion. **(5 marks)**

**b)** Explain **five** factors that enabled the Nandi to resist British invasion for a long period of time.

**(10 marks)**

**SECTION C: (30 MARKS)**

**ANSWER ANY TWO QUESTIONS IN THIS SECTION**

**22. a)** State **five** social responsibilities of a Kenyan citizen. **(5 marks)**

**b)** Explain **five** reasons why national integration is important in Kenya. **(10 marks)**

**23. a)** State **three** ways in which the constitution of Kenya promotes national unity. **(3 marks)**

**b)** Describe the stages involved in constitution making process in Kenya. **(12 marks)**

**24. a)** Give **three** special groups that monitor human rights in Kenya. **(3 marks)**

**b)** Explain **six** ways in which the Kenyan bill of rights protects the rights of individuals. **(12 marks)**